

## Use of English

### Test

#### “Travelling” 10 Form

#### 1. Match the words with their definitions

*In-flight meal*   *Overweight luggage*   *Duty-free*   *Return ticket*   *Single ticket*   *Baggage carousel*   *Customs*

*Passport control*   *Hand luggage*   *Cabin crew*

- a one way ticket for a journey to a place
- a ticket for a journey to a place and back
- small bags which people are allowed to keep with them on a plane
- luggage which is heavier than allowed
- the place at the airport where officials check travellers and their luggage
- the place at the airport where officials check your passport
- a shop where you can buy goods at a cheaper price because no tax is paid on them
- the members of an aircraft crew who attend to passengers
- food offered during the flight
- a device that delivers checked luggage to the passengers on their arrival

2. Choose only the pictures which are labeled correctly



Hand luggage



Passport control



Overweight luggage



Baggage carousel



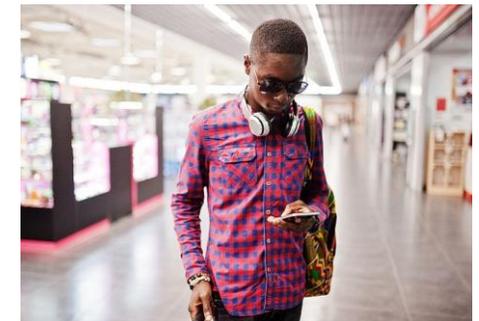
In-flight meal



Customs



Cabin crew



Duty-free

### 3. Choose the correct option for each gap to complete the text

- duty-free
- single tickets
- return tickets
- jet lag
- stopover
- in-flight meal
- passport control

For long-distance journeys, people often prefer to travel by air. It's often cheaper to buy -----, which are for travelling to a place and back again, than to buy several separately. Depending on the airline, you'll be given a choice of snacks and drinks along with your ----- if the flight takes longer than two hours. When you have to change aeroplanes to reach some far destination or when you just want to have some rest in the airport between the flights on long distances, you can have a -----.

Apart from the high price, travelling to a far destination by plane has another disadvantage: most travellers experience bad ----- . This means a person suddenly finds themselves in a place where time is several hours different from the place they left. It makes one feel confused and tired, and it takes some time to adjust to the new schedule.

### 4. Match the sentences with the functions (Present Simple/Present Continuous)

Ted <b>goes</b> to the art studio every Tuesday and Friday.	actions happening at the moment of speaking
Here <b>comes</b> the bride!	changing situations
My nephew and niece <b>are living</b> with their grandparents.	habits
My sister <b>is watching</b> a film now.	annoying habits
The bus <b>leaves</b> at 2 o'clock.	temporary situations
They <b>live</b> in Boston.	actions happening around the time of speaking
Her Spanish <b>is getting</b> better.	daily routines
Mark <b>is fixing</b> his bike today.	repeated actions
He's <b>meeting</b> Lily for dinner tomorrow.	timetables (future meaning)
I always <b>drink</b> a cup of tea in the afternoon.	in exclamations
My aunt's always <b>complaining</b> about something.	permanent situations

